# The Times

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By Jas. W. Albright & Bro.

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## Business Directory.

**Attorneys at Law.**
*Scott & Scott,*
North Elm, opposite Court House.
*Gilmer & Gilmer,*
North Elm, opposite Court House. (see advertisement.)
*Adams & Staples,*
Second floor, Tate building.
*Scales & Scales,*
North Room, Patrick Row, in rear of Porter & Eckle's Drug Store.

**Apothecaries and Druggists.**
*E. W. Gleun, M.D.,*
West Market Street, McConnel building.
*Porter & Eckel,*
West Market, next courthouse, (see adv.)

**Auctioneer.**
*W. E. Edwards.*

**Book Stores.**
*B. O. Sterling,*
South Elm, opposite Express Office.

**Barbers.**
*Wilkes & Wiley,*
North Elm, opposite Court House.

**Bankers and Insurance Agents.**
*Henry G. Kellogg,*
South Elm, Tate building, (see adv.)
*Wilson & Shober,*
South Elm, opposite Express Office, (see adv.)

**Boot and Shoe Makers.**
*E. Kiech Schlagel,*
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.

**Cigar Manufacturer.**
*A. Brockmann,*
South Elm, Caldwell block.

**Cabinet Makers and Undertakers.**
*John A. Pritchett,*
South Elm, near Depot.
*Wm. Collier,*
Corner of Sycamore and Davie streets.

**Contractor in Brick-work.**
*David McKnight.*

**Contractors in Wood-work.**
*I. J. Collier,*
*Jas. L. Oakley.*

**Confectioners.**
*F DeSmet,*
Tate Building, corner store.
*J Harper Lindsay, Jr.,*
South Elm.

**Dress-Making and Fashions.**
*Mrs. N. Maurice,*
South Elm, (see adv.)
*Mrs. A. Inlow rth,*
Next door to Times Office.

**Dentists.**
*J. W. Howlett,*
1st door left hand, up stairs, Garrett's building.
*R. Scott,*
East Market, Albright's block.

**Dry Goods, Grocers and Produce Dealers.**
*W. S. Moore,*
East Market, Albright's new building.
*L. H. Rountree,*
Corner East Market and North Elm, Lindsay corner, (see adv.)
*A. Weatherly,*
Corner East Market and Davie streets.
*W. D. Trotter,*
East Market, Albright's new building.
*L. E. May,*
West Market, opposite Porter & Eckel, (see adv.)
*S. C. Dodson,*
West Market, opposite Court House.
*Jas. Sloan & Sons,*
South Elm, near Depot, (see adv.)
*C. G. Yates,*
South Elm.
*Smith & Gilmer,*
Opposite Southern Hotel.
*J. D. Kline,*
East Market street.
*S. Steele,*
Corner East Market and Davie streets.
*D. W. C. Benbow,*
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.
*Bogart & Murray,*
East Market, South Side.

**Foundry and Machine Shop.**
*J H Tarpley,*
Washington st., on the Railroad.

**Grocers and Confectioners.**
*Starrett & White,*
East Market, next Post Office.

**General Emigration Office, for the West and South-West.**
*Louis Zimmer,*
Gen'l Southern Agent, B and O. R. R.,
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.

**Guilford Land Agency of North-Carolina.**
*Jno B Gretter,* Gen'l Agent,
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.

**Harness-makers.**
*J. W. S. Parker,*
East Market st., near Court House.
*James E. Thom,*
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.

**Hotels.**
*Mansion Hotel,* W. H. Reece, proprietor,
Corner West Market and Greene streets, (see adv.)
*Southern Hotel,* Scales & Black, proprietors,
West Market, near Court House.
*Planter's Hotel,* J. T. Reese, proprietor,
East Market, near Court House.

**Livery Stables.**
*W. J. Edmondson,*
Davie street.

**Millinery and Lady's Goods.**
*Mrs. W. S. Moore,*
East Market, Albright's new building.
*Mrs. Sarah Adams,*
West Market, opposite Court House.

**Music and Musical Instruments.**
*Prof. F. B. Maurice,*
South Elm, (see adv.)

**Nurserymen.**
*Westbrook & Co.,*
Washington, near Railroad.

**Photographers.**
*Hughs & Yates,*
West Market, opposite Court House, up stairs.

**Physicians.**
*A. S. Porter,*
West Market st., (near Times Office.)
*R. W. Glenn,*
West Market, McConnel building.
*Jas. K. Hall,*
North Elm, opposite court-house.
*J. E. Logan,*
Corner West-Market and Greene.

**Sign Painting.**
*A. W. Ingold,*
South Elm, Patriot building.

**Sewing Machines.**
*D H LaPish,*
Salisbury st.

**Tailors.**
*W. L. Fowler,*
West-Market, opposite Southern Hotel.

**Tinners.**
*Jno. E. O'Sullivan,*
Corner West Market and Ashe streets.
*C. G. Yates,*
South Elm.

**Tomb-Stones.**
*Henry G Kellogg,*
South Elm.

**Watchmakers and Jewellers.**
*W. B. Farrar,*
South Elm, opposite Express Office.
*David Scott,*
East Market, Albright's block.

**Guilford County Officers.**
*Chairman of the County Court,* Jed. H. Lindsay.
*Sheriff,* Robert M. Stafford.
*Clerk of the County Court,* Lyndon Swaim.
*Clerk of the Superior Court,* John W. Payne.
*Public Register,* William U. Steiner.
*County Trustee,* Wyatt W. Ragsdale.

**U. S. Officials.**
*Freedmen's Bureau,* Capt. Hugo Hillebrandt, Garrett's building, up stairs.
*Assessor's Office,* Jesse Wheeler, West Market, near Court House.
*Collector's Office,* Jno. Crane, South Elm.
*Register in Bankruptcy,* Thos. B. Keogh, Tate building, up stairs.
*Bonded Warehouse,* D. W. C. Benbow, South Elm, Benbow's building.


# THE GREENSBORO TIMES.

VOL. VII. GREENSBORO, N. C., Thursday, April 16, 1868. NO. 11.


### STATE DEBT.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
*Treasury Department,*
Raleigh, April 6, 1868.

*Dr. J. T. Leach, Smithfield, N. C:*

DEAR SIR:—At your request I make the following estimate of the State debt, which will result from carrying into effect the ordinance of the Constitutional Convention lately in session, entitled "An Ordinance providing for payment of the interest of the Public Debt."

1. Bonds dated before May 20th, 1861, on which the interest accruing January 1st, 1869, and afterwards, must be paid, amount to $8,907,000.

2. Bonds dated January 1st, 1866, and since, issued under Acts of Assembly, $1,955,500.

3. Bonds to be issued (or guaranfied) under ordinances of the Convention' $3,150,000
Interest to be funded into new bonds under Sec. 4 of the ordinance, estimated 2,468,000
Total to be issued under authority of the Convention. $5,618,000

SUMMARY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bonds before May 20, 1861, | $8,907,000 |
| Bonds dated 1st January, 1866, and since under Acts of Assembly, | 4,955,500 |
| Bonds to be issued under various ordinances of Convention, | 5,618,000 |
| Total funded debt under aforesaid ordinance. | $19,480,500 |

INTEREST.

Under the ordinance of the Convention, providing for payment of the interest of the Public Debt, interest will be payable as follows:

1. On bonds dated before May 20th, 1861, interest payable, in cash, 1st, January 1869, and April 1st. 1869, $267,000

2. Interest on the whole $19,480500, to be paid July 1st, 1869, and Oct. 1st. 1869, $584,415.

3. Annual interest on the whole debt under said ordinance, $1,168,830.

Yours truly,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
*Public Treasurer.*

STAY AT HOME, GENTLEMEN.—The Charlottesville (Va.) *Chronicle* applies the following blister plaster to the backs of indolent property-holders, which is as aplicable to North Carolina as it to Virginia:

"Stay at home, gentlemen, and take care of 'your things,' if you choose, and let the negroRadicals get control of the State; but don't grumble afterwards, when the little per cent. you make at your farm is taken away from by a negro tax-collector, (to be plundered by Radical officials,) at the behest of a non-tax-paying majority.—Don't grumble, when you without a vote, fail to get justice against the voter, who steals your hog, from a corrupt radical justice of the peace.—Now is the time to exert yourselves, and it won't do for you who belong to the class who are most interested, if you fail to work now, to come hereafter, asking co-oporation from those who wish you to join them now, but who will fail if you are luke-warm.—Strive now, or give it up 'forever,' for this is certainly your last chance to help yourselves."

☞ Vote down the Constitution. ☜

### NORTH-CAROLINA MILITIA UNDER THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

CAPTAIN JAKE.—Squar up dar! tell ye, rite 'bout, eyes lef, hed up an stan ereck like I is: dis way. White man, don't look dat way, keep yer nose afore ye, or I'll set dem Court Marshals on ye. Ye need'nt tink I isn't got no milintery genus, and don't know how to drill ye. Ise drilled corn an Ise drilled taters, an I kin drill you if ye *is* white. Maybe ye don't like to hab me fur captin?—But ye can't help yerself, so yer can't. Ise 'lected by 'jority ob de kompany. I is, an Ise gwine to be gin'ral yit. How yer like dat? No use talkin, we culled fokes gwine to hab it our own way now spite ob de white fokes, an de debil his self. Golly, we's all got arms now an we knows how to pint em strait. Fetch down a HOG or SHEEP ebery pop. Rite 'bout, frunt face; chist out, hed up, hans down, forward march!—Jim Jones, quit treadin on dat nigga's heel. Halt! Halt! tell ye! don't halt hab ebery one ob yu blak an white under 'rest for disobedence ob orders.

When I ses halt, I means stop sqar up, an don't moobe no more till I ses advance forward, for, I gibs de order to march, forward march, den you advance in a strait line widout gittin crooked an trampin on each oders heels. No use talkin yuse got to be "drilled 'till your legs git limber," an Ise gwine to do it, kase I'se yer cap'n, and de new constitution ses wes all equal an dem miltary law ses all de pribates mus 'bey dere 'sperior officers. Ise 'sperior officer I is. Corpral, tell dat white man down da at de end ob de line go ober to de spring an fotch us a bucket water, Ise mity thursty.

### FREE-SCHOOLS IN N. C. UNDER THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

SAMBO AS A TEACHER!

The above cut illustrates the beautiful state of affairs which we may look for when Sambo in his crispy dignity becomes lord of the ferule and monarch of the school room.

The enraged professor by a vigorous muscular application imparts knowledge in the mode that is easiest to him and most agreeable. Being a man of wisdom he is determined to have the bottom all right before he attempts his labors on the upper structure.

And thus discourseth ORPHEUS the teacher: Dese yer cussed white childurn is so stupid dey nebber lurn nuffin if I dos'nt dribe it into 'em.—Can't fool dis chile, Me up to em. I is. Nigger's boss now, I ain't hoin corn like I used to be. I'se a 'fessor, I is. an if dey don't take de larnin in ther heads, I'se gwine to dribe it in, I is. No use foolin. Deys got to be edikated if dey specks to lib an sociate wid us culled fokes, so dey is. May be white fokes don't like em. Can't help dat, ef da don't like em, da needn't—I dos. Dey can't help emself no how; got to sen dere childurn here to hab um 'structed, case we got de wotes now and gwine to gubbern in dis here skool matter, and we lick em childurn jes as much as we plese, so we will.

### WANTS TWO OFFICES.

A. W. Tourgee, of Ohio, who has not even a licence to practice in the County Courts of this State, and who holds the office of *Code Commissioner* recently made, for his benefit, to which he was elected by the Convention, the salary of which is $200 per month for three years, now wants to be elected a judge of the Superior Court, thus monopolising two of the most honorable and profitable offices in the gift of the State. Can it be possible that the Republican party has no men qualified to hold the offices of the State, and that it has become necessary to import from other States, and that as important an officer as Judge, should have to be forced upon a man that already has one lucrative office, and who has no knowledge of the laws and customs of the State? As much as we should deplore the defeat of the proposed Constitution, we had rather a thousand times, see it voted down, than to see administration of the affairs of the State, pass into the hands of the political tricksters who with a few exceptions, comprise the ticket put forth by the Holden faction.

Less than one year ago A. W. Tourgee, now Code Commissioner and candidate for Judge on the ticket of the Holden Shams, was denouncing Holden, Dick, Settle and many others that are now on the ticket with himself, as disloyal traitors, and utterly unfit to receive the confidence and support of any true and honest Union man. Can any one inform us what inducements have been held out to make such a "change come over the spirit of his dreams."—*Register.*

The "steam man," from Newark, whose advent, some time ago, was described in the *Ledger*, is to walk for a wager from New York to Albany. A gentleman has wagered $1000 that he cannot go the trip without breaking down. The friends of the steam man are confident that he will win. He will only travel in the day time, not for the reason that sleep is necessary for him but out of consideration for the comfort of his attendants.

A woman who was enjoined to try the effect of kindness on her husband, and was told that it would heap coals of fire on his head, replied that she had "tried bilin' water, and it didn't do a bit of good."

Why is Tourgee lik necessity? 'Cause he knows no *law*.—*Register.*

### TAX NOTICE!

The following statement shows the amount of taxes that it is estimated that the people will have to pay for the year 1869 if the proposed new Constitution should be adopted:

| | |
|---|---|
| Interest on the public debt | $851,000 |
| For the General Assembly, | 50,000 |
| Salaries of officers, | 60,000 |
| Cost of Penitentiary, | 500,000 |
| For working the same, | 50,000 |
| Common Schools, | 500,000 |
| University, | 25,000 |
| Asylums, House of Refuge, &c, | 50,000 |
| Militia, | 300,000 |
| County Taxes, | 1,000,000 |
| Township Taxes, | 400,000 |
| Cost of late Convention, | 80,000 |
| Total, | $3,866,000 |

It will thus be seen that if the New Constitution should be ratified, the people will be required to pay in one year a tax amounnting to THREE MILLIONS EIGHT HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The Taxes as far as can be learned from the Treasurer's report and other official sources, both County and State, during the past year amounted to about eight hundred and seventy thousand dollars—($870,000.) So that the tax to be levied year by year under the New Constitution will amount to more than FOUR TIMES as much as ever levied before.

The means now existing to pay this enormously increased taxation, it is considered will not be more than twenty-five per cent, or one-fourth of what it was formerly—as the slave property is no longer a source of taxation. The Poll Tax cannot be applied toward the ordinary taxes of government but is EXPRESSLY devoted by the proposed Constitution to education and charity. The Rail Road and Banking Property has so depreciated as to afford but a small tax, and the lands have greatly depreciated in value and the industrial resources of the State greatly crippled. Such being the case, it is easily seen that the property holder will, in proportion to what he owns, and the former taxes, be required to pay SIXTEEN times at best, as much tax as he ever paid before.

To illustrate—If $1000 of property formerly paid tax to the amount of $10 and one-fourth of that property is required to pay four times such tax or $40; then as one-fourth of that property would formerly have paid $2.50 and is now required to pay $40, it is evident that as $40 is sixteen times $2,50 our property holders will be required to pay SIXTEEN TIMES as much TAX as ever before the War, and a fraction over, as only round numbers have been assumed; for eight hundred and seventy thousand dollars will go into three millions eight hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars four times and nearly one-half over.—So that the tax payer's property will be CONFISCATED under the plausable pretext of guaranteeing the faith of the State! A far more galling confiscation than that once proposed and now abandoned, which only proposed to confiscate property exceeding in value five thousand dollars.

Will you vote for the confiscation of your own lands?

IF NOT, VOTE DOWN THE NEW CONSTITUTION.—*North State.*

*An Ordinance to prevent the Intimidation of Voters.*

*Be it ordained by the people of North-Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained as follows:*

Sec. 1. Any person who shall prevent or endeavor to prevent, any qualified elector of this State, from the free exercise of the elective franchise, by violence or bribery or by threats of violence or injury to his person or property; or by depriving an elector of employment or threatening to deprive him of employment, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month, nor more than six months, or by fine of no less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each offence and one half of the fine shall go to the prosecutor.

Sec. 2. The hiring of any laborer upon the condition that the same shall vote, or not vote for any special candidate or any particular party or in any specific manner, shall be deemed bribery within the meaning of this act, upon the part of the person demanding the said condition.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall be published and circulated with the Constitution for the information of voters, and shall be in force from and after the date of its passage.

### SIXTEEN REASONS FOR VOTING AGAINST THE PROPOSED CONSTITUTION.

1. Because it equalizes negroes and whites fully and in all particulars, and prevents the Legislature from ever making any distinction on account of color, either in political privileges, marriage, social relations, or on any subject whatever. It not only removes all barriers, but, in many particulars, forces them into such intimacy, that amalgamation is inevitable. See Article I.

2. It districts the State for the Legislature, for Congress and for Judges, without any reference to convenience or fitness, but solely in order to give the negroes CONTROL over the whole destiny of the State. See Articles II and IV.

3. It requires the census to be taken every ten years. This is unnecessary, since the general government does the same thing. The expense will be very great. The object is to give fat offices to favorites, and, by an odious test oath, to reject as many as possible of their political opponents. See Art. II, Sec. 5.

4. It, in no way, provides for the representation of property in the Legislature; the voters and members for both braches being precisely the same, and no property qualification being required in either. The negroes are to rule, with the whole power of taxation IN THEIR HANDS. Art. II.

5. It increases the number of State officers, at an increased annual expense of at least $50,000. This is absolutely unnecessary. The whole object is to make more places for favorites, and ruin property holders by increased taxation. Art. IV.

6. It makes the Judges elective by the people, for a term of years, thereby making the Judiciary purely political, destroying the ability and purity of the Courts, and selling justice for the promotion of party. Art. IV.

7. It totally changes our county governments, forming them upon the model of Massachusetts and other thickly settled portions of New England; greatly increasing the expense; subjecting property to unlimited taxation; and introducing customs not suited to our people. Art. IV.

8. It will make our taxes about eight times higher than they have ever been. Nor is this increased taxation for the benefit of the people, but solely for partisan office-holders. See all the Articles, for it is emphatically a TAXING CONSTITUTION.

9. It requires every man, before voting, to swear that he will not only support the Constitution of the United States, but every law that shall be made by Congress. The object of this is to swear us into a political party.—Art. VI.

10. It requires us to maintain a Free School for four months each year, in every School District. We must pay for this by taxation. *White men* will have the tax to pay chiefly, and, in a large portion of the State, negroes will GOVERN THE SCHOOLS. See Art. IX.

11. These schools will be open to all colors. There may be a school for each color, where the number of children is sufficient, but it will be *as the negroes please* in all cases. Where there are very few negroes, the schools will be mixed in all places. Art. IX.

12. It requires every man to send each child to these schools at least sixteen months, provided he does not or cannot send them to some subscription school. The object of this is *to force mixed schools* upon the people. Especially they intend to force POOR WHITES INTO EQUALITY WITH NEGROES. Art. IX.

13. It opens the University to all colors, and reduces the institution to an outrageous political machine. It gives the whole government, resources and offices of our noble University to the control of the negro element. Art. IX.

14. It makes all conditions and colors eligible to all offices in the State, without any condition. Wherever the

groes have a majority, they can fill any office with even the most depraved and worthless negro in the county.—Art. VI.

15. IT REQUIRES THAT NEGROES AND WHITE MEN SHALL MUSTER TOGETHER, AND, OF COURSE, WHERE NEGROES HAVE A MAJORITY, THEY CAN ELECT ALL THE OFFICERS FROM THEIR OWN NUMBER. Art. XII.

16. It makes amendment or change almost an impossibility. If we adopt it, we must hold on to it, whether we are pleased or not. Art. XIII.

These are some of the reasons why no man in North Carolina ought to vote for the Constitution. There have been much parade and loud ranting about liberty and justice, and yet this proposed Constitution is more tyrannical, more cruelly oppressive, and more fiendishly unjust, than was ever offered to any people upon the face of the earth. Very many of us wanted them to make a Constitution that we could approve; we desired to be restored to the Union; we wanted all difficulties adjusted and peace once more to reign; though we may have had political differences, we had no personal hates, and we so much desired a restoration of our national relations, that we were ready to adopt anything *reasonable*, no difference by whom it might be made. But we cannot ratify the proposed Constitution. It is worse than we believed possible. We did not think that vindictiveness could go so far. We can neither be so cowardly, so false to our children, and so wicked in the sight of God, as to vote for such an abominable concern. It is impossible that the white men of North Carolina can really approve a Constitution that makes the negro their equal IN ALL THINGS.—Let us, then, like true men, vote *en masse* against it. Let us do what we believe to be right, and risk the consequences. Let it never be said that the Yankees, the negroes, and a few so-called native whites, scared all the manhood out of us, and forced us to *adopt what we despised*. We are by no means obliged to submit to such infamy. If we are guilty of treason, let the conqueror prove it and punish us: if we are not guilty, then let us stand up for our rights.

This proposed Constitution is monstrous in any sense you take it. *Suppose* it just and proper to punish secessionists and active war men, are there not thousands in North Carolina, who are as true Union men as ever lived?—a large number of old men, who opposed the war all the time—hard working men who have always been true to the Union—widows, who have suffered more than tongue can tell—orphans, who have been deprived of everthing except a little property; yet, upon all these, this negro-equality, office-making, heavy taxing Constitution falls with equal ruin! The true man, who has a little farm and supports his wife and children by his own hard labor, will literally *be ruined*, if this Constitution is adopted. He must pay a tremendous tax, send his children to mixed schools, muster with negroes, have negroes for judges, magistrates, road overseers, &c., &c. IS THIS RIGHT? Has he done anything to deserve such punishment? Yet all can see this is precisely what is proposed, and that no distinction is made, in any way, on account of what a man has done or suffered.

You may belong to the party that made this Constitution; you may have thought this party best, and that by it we could most readily be restored to the Union; but you must see you have been betrayed, that your confidence has been abused, that they have deliberately planned the ruin of the white man, for the benefit of the negroes and office holders.

The Constitution is out and out a Yankee concern, made for *their benefit*, AND YOUR RUIN. They tax us enormously to pay the public debt due to Northern bond holders. They give every Yankee some kind of an office and push our men aside, and then they levy an enormous tax to pay these officers and to educate the negroes. Let us never submit to this. Alabama and Arkansas have rejected their proposed Constitutions, and now they will have better conditions. All that the Radicals tell you about war and confiscation, if we reject this Constitution, is FALSE, and they know it. We know you are opposed to negro equality and high taxes. Then come out boldly and put down this ruinous Constitution. It is *your right* to reject it, if you do not like it; Congress grants you *the right to vote freely*, and if you vote for it, the whole world must suppose you APPROVE IT.

Let every man go to the election and vote as a white man should. Let us defeat this moster, and then make such a Constitution as will be fair and just to all classes and conditions!

## ORDER FROM GENERAL CANBY.

HEDQ'RS 2ND. MILITARY DISTRICT, }
CHARLESTON, S. C., April 6, 1868. }
GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 61. }

The Commanding General has received information from different sections of the States of North Carolina and South Carolina, and from members of both political parties, that combinations have been formed, or are now being formed, to prevent, delay or hinder the execution of the laws of the United States or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent persons from accepting or executing the duties of any office or employment under the United States, at the elections to be held under the authority of the law of March 2, 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the laws that are supplementary thereto. While he is satisfied that these complaints apply to a few persons only of both parties, it is proper that all such persons should be warned that any attempt by force to prevent, hinder or delay the execution of the laws of the United States, under the authority of which the said election is ordered, or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent any person from accepting or holding any office, or trust, or place of confidence under the United States, as Registrar, Superintendent, Judge, Manager, Inspector or Clerk, or other employment at said election, will be amenable, not only to the penalties prescribed under the authority of the said laws, but for violation of the Act of Congress "to define and punish certain conspiracies," approved July 31, 1861. (Statutes at Large, Volume 12, Chapter XXXIII.)

It is the duty of the civil and military authorities in both States to secure to every registered voter the full and free exercise of his right of suffrage, and this duty must be fully, faithfully and impartially performed, and the Commanding General confidently expects that the people of these States will unite in securing for each other the full and proper exercise of this franchise. But if in any District or County, or polling subdivision of either State, the election should be prevented, or the ballot-boxes or poll-lists should be destroyed, or the electors duly registered under the laws of the United States should be prevented by force or intimidation from voting, a new election will be ordered for such District, county or polling subdivision.

To the end that the laws of the United States may be duly executed; that the officers charged with conducting the elections may be protected in the discharge of their duties, and that the qualified electors may be protected in the exercise of the elective franchise, Commanders of Posts are authorized, whenever in their judgment it may be necessary, to appoint, from the officers of the army or the Freedmen's Bureau, under their command, Military Commissioners for Districts or counties within the territorial limits of their commands that are so remote from their headquarters that the powers conferred upon Post Commanders cannot be immediately or directly exercised.

The Military Commissioners so appointed are invested with all the powers of the Justices of the Peace of Districts or Counties, or the police magistrates of cities, and will be governed in the execution of their duties by the laws of the State in which they may be serving, except so far as these laws may be in conflict with the laws of the United States or with the orders issued from the Headquarters of this District; and, in addition to any troops that may be placed at their disposal, are given the command of the police force of Districts, Counties, cities and towns; and all police officers, sheriffs, constables, and other peace officers, are required to obey and execute the orders of the Military Commissioners in all such cases.

The Military Commissioners will promptly report all cases in which they assume jurisdiction, and the disposition made in each case. When parties are held for trial, either in confinement or under bail, the case will be so fully reported as to enable the Commanding General to decide whether it shall be tried by a military tribunal or be brought before a civil court.

The jurisdiction herein given to the Military Commissioners will be determined and limited by the authority heretofore delegated to Post Commanders by General Orders No. 32, of May 30, 1867, and General Orders No. 145, of December 6, 1867, and will not be considered as extending to the inhabitants in their ordinary personal relations, unless the civil authorities should refuse or fail to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to give all rightful protection to persons and property; and all persons whether in authority or not, are required to obey and execute all lawful orders of the Military Commissioners to the same extent and in the same manner that they are required by law to obey and execute the writs of the civil magistrates.

Some of the complaints that have reached the Commanding General apply to colored voters of the two States, and to sections where they have the numerical ascendancy. To them it is proper to say that the elective franchise conferred upon them by law, carries with it no authority to restrict others in the free exercise of that right; and that while it is their duty not to regard threats or intimidations as to themselves, any combinations to prevent by force, intimidation or threats the same free exercise of this right by others will be unlawful, and will subject the offenders to the penalties prescribed by law and by military orders. They are counselled to exercise the right of voting in a quiet and orderly manner, giving offence to no one; and after casting their votes, not to linger about the polling places, but to return quietly to their homes and to their customary avocations.

Commanding Officers will give as wide a circulation as possible to this order within the limits of their commands.

By command of Brevet Major General ED. R. S. CANBY.

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aide-de-Camp, A. A. Adjt. Gen'l.


# THE TIMES.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

THURSDAY, April 16, 1868.

*CONTRIBUTIONS.—Our columns are open to communications of general or local interest. Nothing personal admitted. No communication received unless accompanied by a responsible name.*


## CONSERVATIVE STATE TICKET.

**Against the Constitution.**

FOR GOVERNOR,
THOMAS S. ASHE,
OF ANSON.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
COL. EDWARD D. HALL,
OF NEW HANOVER.

For Secretary of State, Robert W. Best, of Greene.
For Treasurer, Kemp P. Battle, of Wake.
For Auditor, Samuel W. Burgin, of Buncombe.
For Superintendent of Public Works, Samuel F. Patterson, of Caldwell.
For Supt. of Public Instruction, Rev. Braxton Craven, of Randolph.
For Attorney General, Sion H. Rogers, of Wake.

For Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
Richmond M. Pearson, of Yadkin.

For Associate Justices.
William H. Battle, of Orange,
Edwin G. Reade, of Person,
Mathias E. Manly, of Craven,
Augustus S. Merrimon, of Buncombe.

For Superior Court Judges.

1st Dist., David A. Barnes, of Hertford,
2d " Edward J. Warren, of Beaufort,
3d " George V. Strong, of Wayne,
4th " William S. Devane, of New Hanover,
5th " Ralph P. Buxton, of Cumberland,
6th " Robert B. Gilliam, of Granville,
7th " Thomas Ruffin, jr., of Alamance,
8th " Francis E. Shober, of Rowan,
9th " William M. Shipp, of Lincoln,
10th " Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell,
11th " John L. Bailey, of Buncombe,
12th " Allen T. Davidson, of Macon.

## For Congress.

FIFTH DISTRICT.
DAVID F. CALDWELL,
OF GUILFORD.

For Solicitor,
7th Jud. Dist.—John Kerr, of Caswell.

## Conservative Ticket for Guilford.

*For State Senate.*
David W. Kerr, of Alamance.
James T. Morehead, jr., of Guilford.

*For House of Representatives.*
Sewell Farlow,
John A. Gilmer, jr.

*For Sheriff*—Robert M. Stafford.
*For Coroner*—Robert W. Denny.
*For Treasurer*—Wyatt W. Ragsdale.
*For County Clerk of Superior Court*—John W. Payne.
*For Register of Deeds*—William U. Steiner.
*For Surveyor*—Joseph W. Gilmer.
*For Commissioners*—William R. Smith, Abner Apple, William O. Donnell, Reuben F. Sechrist, and William L. Kirkman.

WHITE MEN OF GUILFORD! REMEMBER! that the Rev. Geo. W. Welker, who is now asking for your votes, said in the late mongrel convention, that "from what came under *his immediate* observation, in *his own county*, the *colored man* was SUPERIOR TO THE WHITE!"

Also, remember, that he voted for a *negro* door-keeper in opposition to a white man!

That he admits voting against every amendment that was offered in which any discrimination was made in favor of the *white man!*

## TOURGEE'S LETTER.

The letter, from which we made a short extract last week, has worked the editor of the *Standard* into a perfect rage. A friend handed us the paper, which we seldom see, and in it we are called "rebels, thieves, rascals, &c," for publishing a letter, which Holden says was "sacred"—as though he ever dealt in "sacred" things. We deny that there was any obligation of privacy on our part. The letter was found by a freedman (who won't vote for Holden) and had been read by half the town before it reached us. So it was silly for the base born, illegitimate old skunk of the *Standard*, to worm himself into such a fury over it. It is true, we are "Rebs," as the term is generally used; but, until the troops were on the march we were striving thro' the *Times*, to avert the war, which this leprous, traitorous Holden was forcing upon the people. Thank God, neither Holden nor Tourgee have the power to "kill and make alive" yet; and their threats may scare negroes, but none else. If we had lied as hard, stooped as low, paid as much money as Holden, to get a *pardon* from Congress we would be slow to charge disloyalty upon others. If it be treason *now* to hate Holden and the other negro worshippers, then there will be room for a big hanging after the election is over. Holden has deceived every party he ever belonged to, and his putrid carcus is so politically corrupt that even the negroes loathe him.

As for "that noble-hearted patriot, Albion W. Tourgee," we never mention him unless compelled to. Were we half as mean as Holden we *could* tell something of the "*Conclave*" and other disreputable secret orders that A. W. T. had in full blast this time last year, when *he* was working so vigorously to defeat the "hellish machinations of Holden," whom he now hugs to his bosom as a saint. But, as base as the men are, and as low as the cause is which they have espoused, we will not expose *anything* that we obtained through *confidence* unless driven to it by such articles as the one under consideration. "Forbearance," *sometimes*, "ceases to be a virtue." "A word to the wise," &c.

As we are accused of perverting the meaning of the letter we copy it entire:

GREENSBORO, N. C., }
April 3rd, 1868. }

GOV. HOLDEN:

Dear Sir:—I am unable to come down and see you to-night as I am very weak, having spoken to-day, and being very ill.

I cannot see how I can go with you on the trip through Rockingham, Stokes and other Counties.

I expect to stay at home for a few days, and will then go where it seems to be most necessary for me to go. I would not wonder if it should be necessary for me to do some work here in Guilford. Our ticket here is a very weak one, and the "rebs" are doing their biggest. I am sorry I cannot see you but my lungs are very bad indeed.

Let me hear from you, if there is anything it is necessary for me to know. Mr. Unthank will bring me anything you may wish to send.

Yours,
A. W. TOURGEE.

SUSPENSION OF COURT.—The following orders have been received at the Clerks' Offices, suspending the Courts during the three days of Election next week:

HEADQUARTERS 2ND MIL. DISTRICT,
Charleston, S. C., April 10, 1868.
General Orders, }
No. 65. }

With a view to give all duly registered voters the full and unrestricted privilege of exercising the elective franchise at the approaching elections in the States of North Carolina and South Carolina, it is hereby ordered, that the sessions of all State Courts appointed to be held in each of the States aforesaid, shall be suspended during the periods hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Carolina, during the election commencing on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1868, and ending on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1868.

In South Carolina, during the election commencing on Tuesday, the 14th day of April, 1868, and ending on Thursday, the 16th day of April, 1868.

By Command of Bvt. Major General
ED. R. S. CANBY:
LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aide-de-Camp, A. A. A. G.

## THREATS.

See Gen. Canby's order on the election and watch the polls and especially the negroes. Do not let them be *forced* to vote against their wishes.—We warn the scalawags and shall have every one reported to headquarters who violates this order.

## REMEMBER!

That, if you vote for the infamous Constitution, you will vote

For TAXATION, that will amount to CONFISCATION;

For NEGRO EQUALITY in the MILITIA;

For NEGRO SUPREMACY in many counties;

For NEGRO EQUALITY in all of them;

For an outrageous TEST-OATH for voters;

For licensed MISCEGENATION;

And, finally, for RUIN to every true interest of North Carolina!

THE MASS MEETING, at this place on Friday last, was one of the largest gatherings we have seen for some time. Gov. Graham addressed the meeting for about two hours, in his usual forcible and clear style. He advanced several new and strong arguments against the new constitution, and made many votes for the white man's party. Col. Francis E. Shober, of Salisbury, and P. F. Duffy, of this place, each addressed the assemblage with effect. The Greensboro Brass Band was present and added considerably to the entertainment. We were also, pleased to see so many of the ladies out. Guilford has done its duty in the past—let us give a good report next week.

THE GIBSONVILLE MEETING was a rouser—over five hundred voters in attendance! In addition to the speeches by the County candidates, our townsman P. F. Duffy, Esq., made one of his best speeches. And we must remark that Mr. Duffy certainly deserves much credit for the bold and fearless stand he has taken against Holden and ultra-radicalism. He came among us but a few years since, and, although from a section we were taught to distrust, yet, his bold defence of our rights and withering denunciations of the leading Radicals of both sections, have deservedly endeared him to our people. This course is more highly appreciated, as he is not an aspirant for office, but is prompted to take this stand by a natural love for the right, and an indisposition to see a proud but conquered people more completely degraded by the dominant party of the North and the negroes of the South.

## WATCH THE TICKETS.

Watch your tickets, as every devise will be resorted to to cheat and carry the election for the scalawags. If you erase any name on the ticket, write another and be sure to vote the *whole ticket* or your vote will be lost. Also, see that your ticket is right and do not let others be deceived! *Work!* WATCH! VOTE!!!

## CONSISTENCY.

How consistent in the men who now, unfortunately, rule the affairs of this country, to reward with place, position, and power the very men who were the first to incite the people of the south to resistence against what they were then pleased to style the "Lincoln Despotism;" while the men who were in the fiery ordeal of war, true as steel in their devotion to the old flag, are insultingly cast aside. While perfidy and double-twisted treachery are rewarded, fidelity is spurned. That's consistency.

VIA GOLDSBORO seems to be the cry of all the merchants between this place and Columbia, S. C. Maj. J. A. Sadler, of Charlotte, has paid our town a visit and received orders from almost every merchant in the place, to "*ship via* Goldsboro" instead of Raleigh and Gaston road. We do not fully understand the issue between the two roads, yet we suppose the shippers do, judging from the long list of names the Major has procured at every place he has visited between here and Columbia. The W. & W. road is certainly fortunate in securing the service of so efficient a canvasser as the Major.

There is one thing in regard to the tarriff on railroads, that we have learned to our sorrow, that is, it always costs us *one dollar* more to get back *from* Weldon than it does to go there, and we, also, know *which* road gets that dollar. Will some one familiar with railroading explain?

David Hodgin one of the Radical Candidates in this county for the Legislature said "the new Constitution was better than the law of Moses!" Take him out, or rather leave him at home.

## DON'T YOU THINK SO?

Don't you think it will be a delightful thing to have one of the greatest renegades in North Carolina for her Governor?

Would'nt it speak well for the people of the "Old North State" if the first of her political Judas's were elevated to the highest position in their gift?

Wouldn't the destinies of our mother state be in trusty keeping when in the hands of the treacherous ingrate who has so often betrayed her?

Wouldn't it be a compliment to the intelligence and self respect of the white race to select for their ruler the man who ignores his own color and proclaims himself, to all intents and purposes, a negro?

Wouldn't it be an everlasting shame, to the living, and a gross insult to the memory of our glorious dead if you permit this?

Don't you think so?

If you do, vote against Holden.

ELOQUENT EXTRACT.—The following soul-stirring lines, from the pen of Father Ryan, the Southern poet, can be applied to too many in this section. The mind that can conceive such pure thoughts is deserving a better fate than the fiends of the country are measuring out to the poor Southrons:

There are men who desert the altars of a Lost Cause round which they once stood with the blood in their hearts panting for liberation, and who kneel to offer homage at the altars of successful wrong. There are men who trample under foot the very standards that once floated proudly over them. There are men base enough to lift their hands against the very rights for which they once uplifted swords. We are not such. For us, principle is principle, right is right—yesterday—to day—to-morrow—forever. Submission to might is not surrender of right. We yield to the one, but shall never yield up to the other."

CHATHAM RAILROAD.—We learn from the *Sentinel* that a special meeting of the Stockholders of this Railroad Company was held in Raleigh on Saturday, the 4th inst.

George W. Mordecai, Esq., acted as Chairman, and Maj. W. W. Vass, Secretary.

Of the 8760 shares constituting the subscribed capital stock of the company, there were represented in the meeting, in person and by proxy, 7317 shares.

The meeting having been duly organized, Gen. W. R. Cox, President of the Road, explained that the Stockholders had been called together to consider two ordinances enacted by the late "Constitutional Convention" in relation to the Chatham Railroad Company,—certified copies of which he laid before the meeting.

Both ordinances were read by the Secretary, and fully considered and discussed by the Stockholders. That entitled "An ordinance to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company," which, on conditions, affords aid to the Company to complete the work, to the extent of $1,200,000 in State bonds, was, by formal resolution, unanimously ratified and accepted as a part of the charter of the Company.

The "ordinance in relation to the Cape Fear and Deep river Navigation works" was also accepted and ratified.

*Resolved*, That the capital stock paid in of the Chatham Railroad Company be $873,600, and the President and Directors have prepared, at an early day, certificates of stock to be issued to the several Stockholders, in proportion to the gold value of the subscription, and in accordance with the report of the Committee of five, this day ratified by the Stockholders.

*Sergeant Bates* reached Washington on the 14th and was enthusiastically received by the President and the citizens. The Radical Congress *refused* to admit him.

E. O. Perrin, of Tennessee, spoke, and said that had Bates *carried a negro on his shoulder*, instead of U. S. flag, from Vicksburg, they would have allowed him to place THE NEGRO ON THE GODESS OF LIBERTY!

He received the same treatment at the hands of the negro Convention at Richmond. There are other places on the route where the Radicals *tried* to stop the march of the flag.

We regret to see that the *North Carolinian* has again been discontinued, for reasons imperative upon the proprietor. Major Hearne finds another field of duty. He deals a heavy blow at Raleigh Democrats in his card, which will appear next week.

# Our Market Column.

*GROCERIES, PRODUCE, &c.,*
*Carefully corrected each week.*
*By W. S. MOORE, General Dealer.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Apples—green | | | 200 |
| " dried | | | 4 |
| Bacon | 16⅔ | to | 20 |
| Beef | 7 | to | 8 |
| Butter | 25 | to | 30 |
| Beans per bushel | | | 1.50 |
| Coffee, per sack | 25 | to | 20 |
| " retail | 25 | to | 33⅓ |
| Cheese | 20 | to | 30 |
| Chickens | 15 | to | 20 |
| Cabbage per head | | | 10 |
| Corn | 1.15 | to | 1.25 |
| " meal | | | 1.25 |
| Cotton raw | 15 | to | 20 |
| " yarn | 1.75 | to | 1.90 |
| " yd sheeting | 14 | to | 18 |
| Eggs | 10 | to | 12½ |
| Flaxseed | 1.50 | to | 1.75 |
| Feathers | 40 | to | 60 |
| Fodder per 100 lbs | 75 | to | 1.00 |
| Flour | 10.50 | to | 11. |
| Fertilizers—Guano | | | 5 |
| Baugh's Phosphate | | | 3½ |
| Plaster per bbl | | | 5.00 |
| " calcined | | | 7.00 |
| Cement | | | 5.00 |
| Furs—Cat | | | 15 |
| Fox—grey | 10 | to | 25 |
| " red | 50 | to | 75 |
| Muskrat | 10 | to | 15 |
| Mink | 1.00 | to | 3.50 |
| Opossum | 5 | to | 20 |
| Otter | 1.00 | to | 3.00 |
| Rabbit per dozen | | | 10 |
| Hides—green | | | |
| " dry | | | |
| Leather—sole | 35 | to | 40 |
| " upper | 60 | to | 75 |
| Lard | 15 | to | 20 |
| Molasses—Cuba | 70 | to | 80 |
| Sorghum | 40 | to | 60 |
| Maple Syrup | | | 1.25 |
| Nails—keg | | | 7.50 |
| " retail | 9 | to | 10 |
| Oats per bushel | | | 75 |
| Onions—large | | | 1.00 |
| " planting | | | 2.00 |
| Oil—linseed | | | 1.75 |
| " tanner's | | | 1.80 |
| " sperm | | | 2.00 |
| " kerosene (best) | | | 1.00 |
| " aroru | | | 1.00 |
| Pork | 10 | to | 12 |
| Potatoes—Irish | 60 | to | 75 |
| " sweet | | | 1.00 |
| Peas—cow | | | 1.50 |
| " white | | | 2.00 |
| Rice | 16⅔ | to | 18 |
| Rags—cotton | | | 3½ |
| Salt—fine per sack | | | 4.50 |
| " Liverpool per sack | | | 3.00 |
| " retail | | | 2½ |
| Soda, best | | | 20 |
| Tallow | 13 | to | 16½ |
| Vinegar | 40 | to | 50 |
| Wool | 25 | to | 40 |
| " rolls | 60 | to | 75 |

GREENSBORO MONEY MARKET.
*Buying Rates of Bank Notes, &c. By*
WILSON & SHOBER,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C. | 50 |
| " Cape Fear | 25 |
| " Charlotte | 28 |
| " Wadesboro | 24 |
| " Wilmington | 25 |
| " Roxboro | 55 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Lexington at Graham | 23 |
| " " Lexington, old | 18 |
| " " new | 10 |
| " Commerce | 15 |
| " Clarendon | 3 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Yanceyville | 2 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 60 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro, old | 26 |
| " " new | 12 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 25 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington | 25 |
| Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co, old | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes average about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 15 |
| Georgia " | 25 |

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank Notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank Notes, &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates. 2—1y

GREENSBORO MONEY MARKETS.
Corrected by
*HENRY G. KELLOGG,*
Banker and Insurance Agent,
Yate Building, corner of West Market and South Elm Streets, Greensboro, N. C.

Gold.....135 a 140
Silver.....Small, 125 a 130; large, 130 a 135
Money in fair demand, 2½ a 3 per cent per month, on collaterals.
Exchange.....One fourth.

*N. C. BANK NOTES.*
Bank Notes dull.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank North Carolina | 60 |
| " Cape Fear | 28 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Wadesboro | 26 |
| " Wilmington | 27 |
| " Roxboro | 60 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Lexington at Graham | 22 |
| " " old | 18 |
| " " new | 12 |
| " Commerce | 17 |
| " Clarendon | 03 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Washington | 03 |
| " Yanceyville | 02 |
| Merchants' Bank of New-Berne | 60 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro | 28 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 40 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington | 27 |
| Greensboro Mutual | 06 |

Highest rates of the day paid for Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia and other Southern Bank notes.

We are prepared to fill orders for Bank Notes to Debtors and stock holders of Banks.

Bank Notes sent us by *Express* will be remitted for on day of receipt, either in draft on New York or currency as may be desired. If prices are not satisfactory, notes will be returned.

We buy mutilated and broken bank currency, sell Revenue Stamps, deal in Coin, Bonds, U. S. Securities, Stocks, Bullion, and discount Commercial paper.

Drafts sold on chief cities in Europe. Deposits received, and interest allowed as per agreement.

Drafts sold on New York and principal Northern cities.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at usual rates, and Losses promptly adjusted.


**Fresh Garden Seed.**

I have just received a choice lot of fresh seed, to which I would respectfully call the attention of the public.

Cabbage, all kinds, Tomato, Celery, Beets, Cucumber, Beans (snaps) Peas, &c., &c.

These seed were grown in Richmond, Va., and are known to be good.

Call early and secure them.

R. W. GLENN, M. D.
3—tf *Market Hall Building.*


## Post Office and Rail-Road Guide.

*Post Office*, J. D. White, P. M.,
East Market, Caldwell block.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Northern Mail, R. & D. R. R. | arrives at | 7 | P. M. |
| " " " | closes at | 9 | " |
| Eastern " N. C. R. R. | arrives at | 7 | " |
| " " " | closes.... at | 9 | " |
| Western " " | arrives at | 5-05 | A. M. |
| " " " | closes.... at | 6¼ | P. M. |
| Pittsboro arrives Friday | | 6 | " |
| " leaves Saturday | | 6 | A. M. |
| Asheboro arrives Saturday | | 6 | P. M. |
| " leaves Friday | | 9 | A. M. |
| Salem arrives Friday | | 3 | P. M. |
| " leaves Saturday | | 6 | A. M. |
| Yanceyville arrives Tuesday and Friday | | 6 | P. M. |
| " leaves Monday and Thursday | | 6 | A. M. |

Office open for d livery of mails at night, and will not be open on Sundays.

*Railroads.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. C. mail going East | arrives.. at | 5 | A. M |
| " " " " | leaves.. at | 5-05 | " |
| " " " West | arrives.. at | 7 | P. M. |
| " " " " | leaves.. at | 7-17 | " |
| " Freight going East | leaves at | 12-10 | " |
| " " West | " at | 8-15 | A. M. |
| R. & D. mail | arrives ..... at | 7 | P. M. |
| " " | leaves ..... at | 5-15 | A. M. |

## Local Squibs.

*We will thank any one for giving us such items, for this department, as may be of general interest.*

JOB PRINTING of every description can be done at our office, at low rates.

### Public Speaking in Guilford.

We are requested to state, that the Conservative Candidates will address the citizens at the following times and places:

Friendship, Friday, 17
Jamestown depot, Saturday, 18

### Conservative Tickets

For Guilford, Rockingham and Randolph counties, furnished *free of cost*, on application to The Times office.

WANTED.—A white girl to nurse.—If without parents or near kin, can find a good home until of age. None over 14 years of age need apply. Call at *Times* office.

"That cat wont jump" is quite a "strange phrase" in our town. Give us the origin, somebody.

Let every voter remember the 21st, 22nd and 23rd and be sure to vote right.

*Godey's Lady's Book* for May, is a splendid number. It is too well known to require any commendation.

The readers will do well to notice Kline's advertisement.

Also, Henry G. Kellogg's.

Also, D. H. LaPish's announcement.

A disagreeable tour—Tour-gee!

The Wilmington *Star* gets off the above. Bernard is some on brevities; but, he ought not to copy our *fish* story without credit.

*Registration* shows a gain in Guilford of 322 voters, a fraction over 200 of which are whites. This gives us about 2,700 white votes and 1,166 *negroes*—total 3,866.

HOWARD'S SOUTHERN COMBINATION gave two entertainments in this place last week, which, with the exception of the *trapeze*, performance, was far from splendid. We learn the concern collapsed here.

TOBACCO MARKET.—We are glad to learn that L. H. Routzahn intends opening a house for the purchase of leaf tobacco. A great deal is raised in this county and we have never had a market this side of Danville.

The Milton Chronicle and Greensboro Times, reach us irregularly We regret this, as they are both published by old friends, and are valued as exchanges.—*Plaindealer.*

We always mail a copy to you—'cause we like the way you *deal* with the Rads.

"ARIEL."—Rev. J. Henry Smith, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at this place, delivered a lecture on Friday evening last on the fallacy of "Ariel's" theory as to the origin of the negro. We did not hear the lecture; but, hear it very highly commended by those who did.

HARD SWEARING.—We are creditably informed that James Ham, who lived in this county cursed himself to death a few days since. He owed a small sum for meat, and on being dunned for the money began to swear very hard, and finally said, "he hoped he might die and go to hell if he ever paid a cent of the account!" and immediately fell dead! This is true and should be remembered by those addicted to swearing.

A PROVOST COURT has been established by Gen. Canby, for the following counties:

Warren, Franklin, Wake, Johnston, Harnett, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Chatham, Orange, Granville, Caswell, Alamance, Person, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, Montgomery, Anson, Union, Stanly, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Iredell, Rowan, Davie, Davidson, Surry, Stokes, Forsythe, and Yadkin, North Carolina.

John T. Deweese, is the sole judge, with headquarters at Raleigh. We will give the order in full next week. Keep cool.

*The Polls* will be opened at the usual places in this county, on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd, and every voter should be at his post,—let no ordinary occurrence keep you away. Examine the *pictures* on the first page and then VOTE as you think best.

*Good Prices.*—The Danville *Times* says: Tobacco sold at Holland's warehouse since their last report, at the following figures:

One lot at $50; one, $34.25; one, $35.-25; one, $30; one, $26.25; one, $25; one, $25.25; one, $27.50; one, $20; one, $17; also, one tierce $30; one, $20; one tierce, $18.

"A spell of weather" has been upon us this week. Monday and Tuesday it hailed and sleeted, and on Wednesday and Thursday blew quite a hurracane for this section—fences, stables, trees, &c., were swept away. O! it was orful!

P. S.—As we go to press our local rushed in and reported it still raining.

HANDBILLS should not be torn down or defaced, and the persons guilty of so doing are liable to indictment. We hope the offenders may take warning. Our enterprising merchant, L. H. Routzahn, has suffered much annoyance in this respect, and he authorizes us to say he will pay a liberal reward for sufficient evidence to convict any person of tearing down his advertisements.

GOOD WAY TO ADVERTISE.—We have neglected to notice that our enterprising townsman, D. W. C. Benbow, has a "Commercial Department" in the *Weekly Message*. Doc therein "blows his own horn," and pays for about 400 copies of the *Message* to distribute among his customers. He says it pays and we have no doubt it does. Has any one else the disposition to try it?

Our quiet town was the scene of quite a fight on Wednesday evening last. A free woman of color gave a white *girl* by the name of Sally Parks, a good thrashing—cause jealousy. A great many persons witnessed the fight—but the sympathy was on the side of the negro. We think the civil authorities should take charge of the negro den where this row originated.

RAILROAD MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Western Railroad Company took place on the 2d inst. Maj. D. G. McRae presiding, and John M. Rose acting as Secretary, Chas. B. Mallett was re-elected President, John D. Williams, H. L. Myrover, T. S. Lutterloh, McL. McKay and Arch'd McLean, Directors on part of the Stockholders, and A. A. McKethan, H. M. Waugh, M. S. Robbins and W. G. Barbee on part of the State.

The location of the Road from Egypt was made to High Point, by the passage of the following resolutions:

Resolved, that the extension of the Western Railroad from Egypt be located on what is known as the Asheboro' route to High Point on the North Carolina Railroad, in the county of Guilford, and the President and Directors proceed to have said route surveyed, making the actual location as near Asheboro' as may be found practicable, due regard being had at cost and the best interests of the Company.

Resolved, That the individual subscriptions on said route, as well as the subscriptions of Randolph county, be applied to the grading, bridging, &c., of the road track within the limits of the county of Randolph, commencing at the county line where the survey strikes the county, running from Egypt.

Resolved, that the work shall be commenced as soon as the Engineer completes the survey and has estimates prepared, and that all work shall be done at prices not exceeding his estimate and under his direction and supervision, and paid for in the subscriptions, including the subscription of Randolph county, alluded to above, at their par value, and that no contract shall be given out or work commenced until responsible parties shall be found to take contracts amounting in the aggregate to 35 miles of grading.—*Presbyterian.*

### CONVENTIONS OF '35 & '68.

THE DIFFERENCE in the *personnel* of the Constitutional Conventions of 1835 and 1868 was simply that between giants and pigmies. In the matter of *pay*, it was ditto—only *vice virsa*, as the records abundantly show.

| | |
|---|---|
| The *Whole cost* of the Convention of 1835 was exactly | $ 10,117.93 |
| The cost of the Convention of 1868 so far as ascertained, (not including W. W. Holden's gigantic printing bill, not yet presented) is | 77,161.99 |
| The whole pay of members 1835 | 8.333.00 |
| The whole pay of members including officer and employees, 1868 | 74,960.00 |
| Daily pay of each member in 1835 | 1.50 |
| " " " " in 1868 | 8.00 |
| Mileage in 1835 5cents per mile. | |
| " " 1868 20cents per mile. | |

A comparative statement of a few individual cases will be instructive, if not very edifying:

| | |
|---|---|
| The Hon. Nathaniel Macon was President of the Convention in 1835, and his whole pay, per diem and mileage, was | $ 63.50 |
| C. J. Cowles was President of the so-called in 1868, and his per diem and mileage amounts to | 848.00 |
| Wm. Gaston, from Newberne received | 69.00 |
| C. D. Pierson, (negro) from Nubbern | 555.00 |
| Judge Seawell, from Wake received | 57.00 |
| Jim Harris, negro from Canada West, | 512.00 |
| Wm. B. Meares, from Wilmington, | 64.00 |
| Galloway, (negro) | 564.80 |
| Judge Toomer, from Fayetteville. | 65.00 |
| J. W. Hood, Conn. negro | 616.80 |
| Calvin Graves, Caswell, | 64.75 |
| Carey, heavy negro (and sleepy) | 572.00 |
| Gov. Morehead, Guilford, | 65.00 |
| A. W. Tourgee, White (so called) | 544.00 |
| Judge Daniel, Halifax, | 62.00 |
| Eppes and Hays,—negroes—(each) | 591.20 |
| Governor Owen, Bladen, | 65.50 |
| French, aspiring Yankee, | 564.80 |

In several cases the mileage of the patriots of 1868 exceeded the *per diem* and milage of those who represented the same constituencies, in 1835.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cowles' mileage amounted to | $ 80.00 |
| Galloway's, from Wilmington, | 52.80 |
| Hood's, from Fayetteville, | 104.80 |
| Carey's, from Caswell, | 60.00 |
| Eppes & Hays, from Halifax each | 89.20 |
| Abbott's, | 52.80 |

And so on—*and so on.*

Good Hevings! are we not a great people, and becoming greater every day! Who cares? A fig for the expense! Rich as cream!—no heirs and no poor kin!—*Raiegh Sentinel.*

*The Last Revolutionary Soldier.*—John Grey, a resident of Noble County, Ohio, said to be the last revolutionary soldier died on the 29th of last month. He was born at Fairfax Court House, Virginia, 6th of January, 1862, and was consequently in his 106th year when he died. He had worked many a day on the Mt. Vernon estate for Gen. Washington. He entered the continental army at sixteen years of age, and served till the close of the war.

THE OFFICE of the Southern Express Company, at Morganton, N. C., was robbed of one or two thousand dollars, on Monday night, the 6th, inst. The iron safe was broken open and the money abstracted.

Keep it before the people, that the Bones and Banjo constitution compels white children and negroe children to attend the same school, sit on the same benches and be taught by the same teacher whether white or black.

Much of the Abyssinian war material goes through the Suez Canal, which is open for small vessels. It is to be completed next year, and passable for large ships.

A flock of pigeons covering a space of twelve and a half miles in length, and fifty feet in breath, passed ovre Wellsville, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, one day last week.

MILWAUKIE, April 8, M.—O'Neill, the Democratic candidate for Mayor is elected by 2,000 majority! The Republicans lose three Aldermen and five Councilmen.

President Johnson still lives at Washington, D. C., and after this week we will have room to devote more time to this farcical trial.

### WAR DECLARED.

KEY WEST, April 13.—It is reported that the Indians in Florida have declared war against the United States. Outrages are reported.

### DIED.

In this county on 26th of January, Mr. HENRY BARBEE, in the 55th year of his age.

### LATER FROM MEXICO—MORE DISTURBANCES.

NEW YORK, April 13—Special despatches from Mazatlan, Mexico, state that Gens. Martinez and Alvarez were very near each other with their forces, and that a battle was imminent.

Gen. Martinez has had a difficulty with Custom house officers, and appropriated for his own use one hundred and fifty thousand dollars from the treasury.

A plot to assassinate Gen. Corona had been discovered, and the conspirators arrested.

A heavy conscription had taken place in Mazatlan and another was expected.

Thirteen United States war vessels were in the port of Mazataln, which created alarm.

### Announcement of Candidates.

☞ *To the Citizens of Guilford County:* The Constitutional Convention having set apart the 21st, 22nd and 23rd days of April, 1868, for the election of State and County officers, I take this opportunity to say to you that I am a Candidate for re-election to the Office of Sheriff.

R. M. STAFFORD.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN W. PAYNE, as a Candidate for the Office of Superior Court Clerk, for the County of Guilford.

☞ We are authorized to announce WILLIAM U. STEINER, as a Candidate for the Office of Register of Deeds.

We are authorized to announce B. F. STANTON, as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk of Guilford County.

☞ We are authorized to announce DANIEL H. LAPISH, as a candidate for the Office of Superior Court Clerk of Guilford County.


**ANOTHER LOSS PAID!**

RECEIVED of Henry G. Kellogg, agent of the Security Insurance Co., ($4000) Four Thousand Dollars, being the amount of Policy No. 13, in full for loss by fire sustained by me near Reidsville, N.C.

[Signed,] R. P. RICHARDSON.
Greensboro, N.C., March 20th, 1868.

Also same amount from Phœnix, ($4000.)

Losses promptly adjusted and paid by
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
Banker and Insurance Agent,
1—1y Greensboro, N. C.

**Reconstruction!**

**NO MORE REVOLUTION!**

**I HAVE JUST RETURNED** FROM THE NORTH,
Bringing a large lot of Dry and Fancy

**GOODS,**

BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

I am no humbug, and don't publish my prices. All I ask is a fair trial, and I will guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

☞ Country merchants will do well to give me a call, as I have a large lot of No. 1 goods which I will wholesale or retail at low figures.

I will compare goods, both as to price and quality, with any merchant in the town.

Call and see for yourselves. No charge made for showing goods, and everybody will always receive prompt and gentlemanly attention at the

**Variety Store**
of J. D. KLINE,
11—3m East Market St.

**MASONIC NOTICE.**
CHORAZIN CHAPTER, No. 13.
Greensboro, N. C.

The regular meeting of Chorazin Chapter, No. 13, R. A. M., will take place the third Friday in April (17th,) at 8 o'clock P. M. All members are requested to attend, as matters of importance will be brought before the Chapter.

By order of
F. P. CAVANAH, H. P.
F. B. MAURICE, Secretary, pro tem. 10-2w

**W. B. FARRER,**
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
Greensboro, N. C.

Most respectfully offers his services to the citizens and public generally. He is well supplied with tools and material and all repairs are warranted according to quality.

He has just received a good assortment of
FASHIONABLE JEWELRY,
and some splendid
WATCHES & CLOCKS,
Which will be warranted for twelve months.

**SEWING MACHINES**
Repaired on short notice, and reasonable terms.

☞ Call one door north of Wilson & Shober's Banking House, South Elm St. 10-tf

**Fresh Garden Seeds.**
A large and fine assortment for sale by
PORTER & ECKEL.

Almanacs with full directions for the culture of Seeds furnished *gratis.*

**BULLION! BULLION!!**

GOLD BULLION bought, and highest prices paid, or advances made on same, at Banking House of
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
Greensboro, N. C.

**INSURANCE AGENCY!**

Life and Fire Insurance Policies are issued at Banking House of HENRY G. KELLOGG.
Greensboro, N. C.

**PLANTER'S HOTEL.**
*GREENSBORO, N. C.*
(East Market street, near court-house.)

The Proprietor would inform the traveling public, and the citizens of this county especially, that his new house is now open for the reception of Boarders and Travelers.

The prices are as low, if not lower, than any other house in town.

A fine, new Bar is attached to this house, which will always be furnished with the best of Liquors.

JOHN T. REESE,
4—1y *Proprietor.*

**AGRICULTURAL Implements**

In great variety; Clover Seed, Lime, Plaster and Guano, for sale on the most accommodating terms, for Cash, or will be exchanged for any kind of Barter that can be disposed of in this or any other market.

Feb. 6. JAS. SLOAN & SONS.

**New Store.**—We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the very neat Confectionery establishment just opened in the Tate Building. The proprietor, Mr. DeSmet has been long engaged in the manufacture and sale of Candies and confectioneries with Mr. F. Neurat of Richmond and proposes to carry on a Branch Store, selling at Wholesale and Retail at Richmond prices. He promises to furnish retail dealers at a less figure than they can supply themselves from abroad. All orders will be filled within three days. 1tf.

**REEVES' AMBROSIA**
FOR THE HAIR,
*Improved!*

It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.
It causes the Hair to curl beautifully.
It keeps the Scalp clean and healthy.
It invigorates the Roots of the Hair.
It forces the hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly.
It immediately stops Hair falling out.
It keeps the Hair from changing Color from Age.
It restores Grey Hair to its Original Color.
It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.
It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.
It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.
It is sold in half-pound bottles (the name blown in the glass,) by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle. Wholesale by Demas Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co., N. Y. 7:3m


**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.

Brexizer, Kellogg & Co.
*vs.*
Andrew C. Caldwell.
*Original Attachment.*

Allen Hanner
*vs.*
Andrew C. Caldwell.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the Court that the defendant in these cases is not an inhabitant of this State: Ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur, or the property levied on will be condemned to the satisfaction of the debts of the plaintiffs.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.


**MUSIC STORE.**
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN Sheet Music, vocal and instrumental, Music Books, Instructions for Piano, Guitar, Violin, Flute, &c. Musical Instruments such as Guitars, Violins, Banjos, Flutes, etc. German, French and Italian Violin and Guitar Strings.

Catalogues of Sheet Music and Books sent free to any order on application.

Music sent by mail, securely wrapped, the expense being only two cents for every four ounces.

All orders, whether large or small, strictly and promptly attended to

Address Prof. F. B. MAURICE,
4—3m Greensboro, N. C.

**SMOKING TOBACCO!**
DURHAM,
PEACE,
ZEPHYR PUFF,
and other fine brands, for sale by
PORTER & ECKEL.

**L. R. MAY**

Has just received his new stock of

**Spring & Summer Dry & Fancy**

*Goods, consisting of*

Spring Delaines and Shallies,
Assorted Spring Dress goods,
Domestic & Scotch ginghams,
Blue, Buff, Pink and Brown Chambary ginghams,
All wool Delaines, all colors,
Black and Brown Alpacas,
Assorted colored Cambrics,
Brown and bleached table linen,
Brown and bleached Table cloths,
Towels and Napkins,
Brown and bleached Crash,
Plain and check Jaconets,
Plain Swiss Muslin,
Cotton Diaper,
White Picque or Marseilles,
Black Velvet Ribbon,
Assorted Trimming Ribbon,
Assorted Pongee and Bandana Silk Handkerchiefs,
Colored cotton Handkerchiefs,
Ladies linen Handkerchiefs,
Gents hemmed linen Handkerchiefs,
Gents super stout Eng. ½ Hose,
Gents white, brown and mixed ½ Hose,
Ladies white and colored Hose,
Children and Misses cotton Hose,
Dress Buttons in all styles,
Linen shirt fronts,
Brown, Blue and Green Veil Bereges,
Black silk and cotton Nets,
Ladies cotton lisle & silk gloves,
Ladies and Misses hoop skirts,
White & colored French corsets,
Plain and figured window paper,
Brown and fancy Baskets,
Umbrellas all sizes,
Cotton and silk Parasols.

*Call and examine my goods.*

1—1y **L. R. MAY.**

**200 Sacks** LIVERPOOL SALT in store and offered at reduced rates by
Feb. 6. JAS. SLOAN & SONS.

# The Farmer's Column.

CULTURE OF SWEET POTATOES.—*Seed Bed.*—I propose to give my plan of sprouting, setting and cultivating this delicious esculent, hoping it may be interesting at least to some of your readers.

About the first week in April I make my hot beds. Selecting a southern exposure, the beds are constructed by driving stakes firmly in the ground on both sides of the boards that are to form the sides of the hot-bed—say four feet wide, and any length convenient—the beds running east and west: the board forming the upper sides of the bed to be elevated about four or five inches to allow sufficient inclination for the roof.

The earth, to the depth of one foot, is then removed, and fresh horse dung that has never been wet, is filled to the depth of fourteen inches. The water used to wet the manure should be drawn from a pond or running brook, or allowed to stand in the sun eight or ten hours. A small quantity of water should be sprinkled over the manure after which it should be thoroughly stirred, mixing the wet and dry portions together, so that the heat may be uniform throughout the bed.

In no case should the manure be tramped in the bed with the foot, or beat down with the maul. Great care should be exercised in filling in and wetting the manure, as too much or too little moisture will alike be disastreous. When the manure is sufficiently warm, about four inches of leaf-mould is spread over the manure. Rotten wood and rich soil from around old stumps and logs is preferable.

The potatoes are placed one by one as close as possible, not to touch each other, being settled in the mould by a gentle pressure of the hand. Large potatoes are split in the centre and exposed to the sun until the milk on the cut part forms a dry crust. They are then placed in the bed, the cut side down. When the potatoes are thus carefully placed, about three or four inches of the leaf-mould is carefully spread over them, care being taken not to displace any of the potatoes in the operation. The beds should be examined every day. This may be done by removing one or two potatoes and thrusting the hand down through the space to the manure. If it is too hot, a small quantity of water may be applied by means of a watering-pot. The beds should be kept covered in cold or rainy weather, only exposing them to warm sunshines or gentle showers.

After the potatoes begin to sprout, the beds should be watered every evening with pond water, or water that has stood in the sun all day. Ditches should be dug, and a bank of earth thrown up on the upper side of of the bed, to prevent water from running under and chilling them.

*Drawing the Plants.*—This operation should be done by a careful hand. The plant is taken between the thumb and forefinger of the right hand, while the potatoe is firmly held it its place by the left. Careless drawing by unexperienced persons, or those not interested frequently destoys half the profit of the bed. I never allow a customer to assist me in drawing or counting however much they may desire to do so, as I would rather give a man a hundred plants than to allow him to draw at the usual price.

*Making the Ridges* is performed by means of the turning plow, with a stout fast-walking span of horses, always supposing the ground to be thoroughly subsoiled and hollowed until it is in fine tilth. I commenced at the foot of a hill or lowest part of the field, running a deep furrow; then drag my plow back to the starting point: here I move the temper-pin of my plow so that it will cut about half as much as the first furrow. I then urge my horses to their fastest walk, and make the second furrow completely overlap my first. This makes my first ridge. I then drag my plow to the place of beginning, adjust the temper-pin and make the off horse walk on the edge of the land so that the cut will not fall into the furrow of the last made ridge.—The second furrow is made in the same way as in the first ridge, and so on till any desired number of ridges are made. A careful plowman, with a good fast-walking span of horses, will make as good ridges in this way as can be made with a hoe.

*Setting the Plants* is generally performed by a man and a boy in the following manner: The plants are dropped at intervals of eighteen inches on the ridges; the plant is taken in the left hand, and a trowel thust into the ridge obliquely, and the soil lifted sufficiently to admit the roots of the plant. It is held in this way till the boy pours in the fourth of a pint of water. The trowel is then withdrawn, and a gentle lick is struck on the ridge to settle the earth around the roots of the plant.

Some planters set their plants and water them afterwards, but this course is objectionable from the fact that the ground will bake when watered on top; but by pouring the water on the roots, where it is needed, and allowing the dry soil to settle over it, baking is avoided. Plants set in this way, if drawn from the bed in the afternoon or evening, and set immediately, will grow off rapidly. Plants may be shipped to any part of the Union if wrapped in damp moss

*Cultivation* does not amount to much, as the great secret of success is thorough preparation of the soil before planting. Weeds must be kept down with the hoe, but if the ground is in good order, and has been cultivated for one or two years in tobacco or sweet potatoes, one hoeing is generally sufficient, or as we call it here "one scraping down."

*Harvesting the Crop.*—Digging is performed by cutting the vine from the ridges with a sharp hoe or scythe. A furrow is then run on both sides of the ridge, turning the earth from the potatoes. They may then be lifted out by their stems, and if any break off and remain in the ground, they may be lifted out with a strong flattened fork.

Ground cultivated in sweet potatoes from year to year will improve without any manure; the mass of vines being covered up by the process of digging, keep the soil in good tilth.—E. E. BALER, in the *Country Gentleman.*

# Wit and Wisdom.

EFFECT ON BUSINESS OF TALK.—Too much talk is the bane of modern efforts. Talk, talk, talk, from morning until night—the diarrhea of words—the St. Vitus' dance of tongues! How is it possible for the brain to work properly amid such an incessant, tiresome, empty clatter of articulato gibberish? Is it not enough that all our streets rattle like a Bedlam with cries and shoutings, the din of wheels and the jangle of bells for at least 20 hours out of the 24, and that nearly every block of buildings in our cities shakes with the rumblings, hissing, fizzing and coughing of steam engines? Why must our offices, and even our libraries, be as noisy and confused as bar-rooms and market-places? We do, seriously, believe that very many business mistakes, leading to misunderstandings, enmities and failures result from this morbid love of talk, which prevent men from clearly comprehending what they say to each other, their meaning is so overlaid with needless and interminable phrases. Some dissipate with ardent spirits, some with tobacco and some with cards, but there is that other vice—the drunkenness of talk—that has not been sufficiently denounced, and we suggest the establishment of temperance societies against it.

Tailor's Revenge—Giving a customer fits.

The oldest business in the world—The nursery business.

Knowledge and Mistakes. He who knows much is mistaken often.

Beauty devoid of grace is a mere hook without the bait.—Taleyrand.

Work as though thou wert to live forever—worship as though thou wert to die presently.

"Parents," said a solemn lecturer, "you may have children, or if not your daughters may have."

"Have you read my last speech?" asked a vain orator of a friend. "I hope so," was the reply.

Why is an author the most wonderful man in the world? Because his tale comes out of his head.

Relatives are not necessarily our best friends; but they cannot do us an injury without being enemies to themselves.

"Sal," said one girl to another, "I am so glad I have no beau now!"

"Why so?" asked the other.

"Oh, cause I can eat as many onions as I please."

Pacific males—Hen pecked husbands.

Anger and Reconciliation. It is best not to be angry; and best in the next place, to be quickly reconciled.

"John, did you find any eggs in the old hen's nest this morning?" "No, sir; if she laid any, she mislaid them."

Let not every pain send thee to the doctor, every quarrel to the lawyer, nor every thirst to the dram-shop.

The reason why some people put on airs is because they have nothing else to put on.

Why does the fool who never laughs remind you of the wisest man? Because he is a Solmn 'un.

A stricken swain, in describing the ardor of his passion, says he made love like two bonded warehouses in flames on a dark windy night, and the fire-alarm out of repair.

An Arkansas negro, expounding the Scriptures, had occassion to touch upon antedeluvian longevity, and in the course of his remarks said that in those days men didn't marry before they were two hundred, and, in fact, were twenty-five years old before they were born.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D., 1868.
John Weyner
*vs.*
James Underwood.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next term of the court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur, or the property levied on will be condemned to the satisfaction of the plaintiff's debt, and judgment granted according to law.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
B. F. Hoover
*vs.*
The Cambridge Copper Company.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not a resident of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur; or judgment will be taken according to law.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
Brenizer, Kellogg & Co.
*vs.*
John P. Bigler.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State: Ordered by the court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur, or the property levied on will be condemned to the satisfaction of the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
B. F. Hoover
*vs.*
The North State Mine.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not a resident of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur; or judgment will be taken according to law.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
B. F. Hoover
*vs.*
The Deep River Mining Company.
*Original Attachment.*

In this case it appearing to the court, that the defendant is not a resident of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur; or judgment will be taken according to law.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarters Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
Marcus Witty
*vs.*
James R. Mendenhall and Duncan McRae.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court that the defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendants to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur; or the property levied on will be condemned to the satisfaction of the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**What do they mean?**

| | |
|---|---|
| From whence the name? | Simplicity 1st in use the same. |
| What will they sew? | Bishop lawn, Beaver-cloth and tow. |
| Will they use thread coarse or fine? | They will: flax, cotton silk & small twine |
| Do they use much thread? | About half as much as double thread Machines, and from a common spool without rewinding |
| "How long does it take one to learn," and are they easily managed? | "So simple, that a child can use them,"—so says Mrs S. I. Dunn of Glade Spring, Va. |
| By whom are they made? | By the C. S. F. S. M. Co. |
| How are they operated? | By hand or treadle, at rate of 300 to 1000 stitches per minute |
| Are they like Secomb & Co's? | They are essentially different. |
| Will they hem? | Ours will hem, fell, seam, stitch, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid, embroider, and gather. |
| Some Machines require basting, | Ours hem without hand creasing, and tuck and seam, without basting. |
| Will they sew through thick gathers? | They will, and cross seams without breaking threads or dropp'g stitches |
| How long will they last? | 30 years, or days, depends upon how used. We know some used from 1 to 7 years now doing good service. |
| Are they liable to get out of order? | They are not, because not complicated. |
| What is their size? | 5by13 in., and 8 inches high. Weight 10 lbs. Price $15, $20 $27, and $32. |
| Is the sewing durable? | Please call and examine, or get sample, and be your own judge. |
| How? | Cut stitches and pull on seam, &c. |
| Of whom can they be had? | D H LA PISH, Agent, Box 23, Greensboro, N. C. |

*Extracts from a few of many testimonials.*

*Speaking of the C. S. F. S. Machine,*

Dr. H H STAPLES, of Greensboro, N. C., says:—"I have for several months had in use in my family, one of the Common Sense Sewing Machines with which we are well pleased."

MRS. SUSAN L DUNN, of Glade Spring, Va., says:—"After using other Machines of higher prices, I prefer this one for general use."

Mr. A H McAULEY, of Thomasville, N. C., says:—"My wife is much pleased with the Machine she got of you at $20. She says she would not take $40 for it. It does fine," &c. 4-6m

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**JAMES SLOAN & SONS,**
*GROCERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,*
1—1y Greensboro, N. C.

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**DR. WM. M. ALBRIGHT,**
Having located at G. W. Albright's, 7 miles North-West of Greensboro, offers his Professional Services to the public. 2-1y

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**J. HARPER LINDSAY, Jr.,**
*(Successor to Ernest Lindsay)*
Dealer in Confectioneries, Groceries, Domestic and Foreign Fruits, Fancy Articles, Toys, Notions, &c.
Next door to Southern Express Office,
Greensboro, N. C. 3—1y

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J. A. GILMER, SR., J. A. GILMER, JR.
**GILMER & GILMER,**
*ATTORNEYS AT LAW, and SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,*
Greensboro, N. C.

All business intrusted to their care in the Courts of this Judicial District, and Courts of Bankruptcy, and the United States Circuit Court, will receive prompt attention. 1—1y

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**JOHN E. O'SULLIVAN,**
*TIN and SHEET IRON WARE MANUFACTORY.* Corner West-Market and Ashe Streets, Greensboro, N. C. The subscriber keeps constantly on hand, or will make to order, at short notice, all descriptions of Tin and Sheet Iron work. Stoves, Ranges and Hot Air Furnaces repaired and put up. Particular attention paid to Cotton, Woolen and Tobacco Factory work.—Stencil Brands of all kinds cut to order. 1—6m.

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**WESTBROOK & CO.,**
PROPRIETORS OF THE WESTBROOK NURSERIES,
*Greensboro, N. C.*

Nursery Store on Washington street. Chas. W. Westbrook will be found at his Residence on West Market street or at the Nursery Store, during February and March—November and December, the best seasons for transplanting. All orders promptly filled. 1—1y

---

**DRUGS and MEDICINES.**
*PORTER & ECKEL*
would respectfully call the attention of Physicians, and the community at large, to their large stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Brushes of *all kinds*, Patent *Medicines*, Surgical and Dental Instruments.

Fine Tobacco and Cigars, together with all articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. Orders from a distance promptly filled and forwarded at the lowest *Cash* rates.
1—1y

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**Mrs. S. W. Dilworth.**
*MANTUA-MAKER*
West Market, next door to the Times Office, wishes to say to the ladies of town and county, that she continues to carry on the *MANTUA-MAKING* business. She is in regular receipt of the latest styles of ladies and children's costume. The great success in the past warrants her in assuring entire satisfaction to all who favor her with patronage in the future. Prices very low. The ladies are respectfully solicited to give her a call.
Greensboro, N. C., March 5, 1868. 5tf

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**MRS. N. MAURICE.**
Fashionable Dress and Cloak-Maker,
(South Elm street, Greensboro, N. C.)

Ladies and Children's furnishing goods, Ribbons, Gloves, Real Laces and Imitations, Dress and Cloak Buttons, Trimmings in every variety, Cambrics, Corsets, Ladies and Children's Hosieries, Gaiters and Shoes, Lace Collars and Cuffs.

*BRANCH OF MDE. DEMOREST'S EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS.*

New Patterns received regularly. Patterns cut to order. 4—3m

☞ DEEDS, Bank Warrants, &c., always on sale at Times office.

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# JOB PRINTING

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION,

NEATLY,

CHEAPLY,

AND PROMPTLY

EXECUTED,

IN THE VERY BEST STYLE,

*AND ON*

*REASONABLE TERMS,*

*BUT NOT ON A CREDIT.*

☞ Orders by mail from parties unknown must be accompanied by the money.

---

**Which is the best!**
*The Richmond Hair Dye* produces a beautiful color—it is instantaneous and permanent—it is the best in use. Examine the circulars in our hands and you will see the certificates of numerous Hair Dressers and Druggists to this effect. For sale in Greensboro by
PORTER & ECKEL,
1—1y *Druggists.*

---

**A MAGNIFICENT ENTERPRISE JUST BEGUN!!!**

*Land Owners can make a good thing of it!!!*

The Great Richmond Wine-making Company will pay two dollars per gallon, for all the Grape must or juice that can be raised!!!

This company has just commenced operations with a large capital, and is fully able to buy all the juice our people can make, and pay the cash for it.

This is a good chance to make a good deal of money with but little labor and expense. The Grape bears regular annual crops, and the young vines commence bearing the second year after setting.

Those who will at once embrace this splendid opportunity will do well to call on Westbrook & Co., *Greensboro, N. C.*, and buy, for cash and barter, a nice lot of well-rooted vines, ready for setting, at very low figures.

They still have on hand several thousand choice FRUIT TREES of all kinds for sale.
Address WESTBROOK & CO.,
1tf *Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.*

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**IMPORTANT!**

Received of The Phœnix Insurance Company, *Brenizer, Kellogg & Co.*, Agents, Greensboro, N. C., ($4,000) Four thousand Dollars, being the amount of Policy No. 24 in full for loss by fire sustained by meat Company Shops, N. C. [Signed] E. P. SPIERS.
Greensboro, N. C., Dec. 23rd, 1868.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid by
HENRY G. KELLOGG & CO.,
Bankers and Insurance Agents,
Greensboro, N. C.
Successors to BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.
1—1y

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**Marble Tomb-Stones.**
Tomb-Stones of every design and style, either of American or Italian marble are furnished by the undersigned, at New York prices, *freight added*, boxed and delivered at Greensboro, N. C., or at any Rail Road Depot in North Carolina, warranted sound and free of breakage, with no extra charge for foot stone or ordinary inscription.

With an experience of several years, satisfaction is guaranteed.

*Price Lists* will be furnished on application by mail or otherwise.

All letters promptly answered, and orders by mail attended to.
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
Office in Bank of Henry G. Kellogg & Co.,
3 tf. Greensboro, N. C.

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**The best** Kerosine Oil and the new and improved Sun Burner, for sale by
Feb. 6, 1868. JAS. SLOAN & SONS.

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**North Carolina,** GUILFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A.D. 1868.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall and James R. Mendenhall
*vs.*
Joseph C. Manning.
*Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State: Ordered by the court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro *Times* for said defendant to be and appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro, on the third Monday of May next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur, or the property levied on will be condemned to the satisfaction of the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, L. Swaim, clerk of said court, at office, the third Monday of February, A.D. 1868.
7:6w:$8 LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.

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**Watches for Everybody!**
*A SUPERB STOCK*
*of fine Gold and Silver Watches, all warranted to run, and thoroughly regulated, at the low Price of $10 each, and satisfaction guaranteed.*

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Solid gold hunting watches | $250 to $1000 |
| 100 Magic cased gold watches | 250 to 500 |
| 100 Ladies' watches, enameled | 100 to 300 |
| 200 Gold hunting chronometer watches | 250 to 500 |
| 200 Gold hunting English levers | 200 to 250 |
| 300 Gold hunting duplex watches | 150 to 200 |
| 500 Gold hunting American watches | 100 to 250 |
| 500 Silver hunting levers | 50 to 150 |
| 500 Silver hunting duplexes | 75 to 250 |
| 500 Gold ladies' watches | 50 to 250 |
| 1,000 Gold hunting lepines | 50 to 75 |
| 1,000 Miscellaneous silver watches | 50 to 100 |
| 2,500 Hunting silver watches | 25 to 50 |
| 5,000 Assorted watches, all kinds | 10 to 75 |

The above stock will be disposed of on the popular one price plan, giving every patron a fine gold or solid silver watch for $10, without regard to value!

Wright, Bro. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of ten dollars, whether it be a watch worth $1,000 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued at less than $10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straight forward, legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, postpaid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and elegant premium for $5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for $10; one hundred and most superb watch for $15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection on delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address
WRIGHT BROTHER & CO., Importers,
7 3m 161 Broadway, N. Y.

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# ROSADALIS.

## THE GREAT Southern Health Restorer!!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD!

DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED

# ROSADALIS,

for the cure of

**SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,**

SUCH AS

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Liver, Kidneys, &c.; Rheumatism, White Swelling, Mercurial Affections, Sore Eyes, Old Sores, Diseases Peculiar to Females, Eruptions of the Skin, General Bad Health and all other Diseases caused by an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

☞ The following, *among many hundreds of our* best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy,*

CERTIFICATES FROM PHYSICIANS.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alternative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
A. D. MOORE, "
L. A. STITH, "
R. G. BARHAM, "
W. A. DUAGGA, "
E. BARNES, "
R. W. KING, "
S. WOODARD, "
W. T. BREWER, "
W. J. BULLOCK, "

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above-named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community. T. C. DAVIS,
Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

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ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 15th, 1867

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure. During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with much respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

---

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores. As Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains entirely well.

Yours truly, J. B. DANIEL

---

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was cured of *Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this county *cured* through the use of Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

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ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

I have been cured of Chronic Inflammation of the Ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by ROSADALIS. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

---

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS.

JAMES WILLS.
Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

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☞ The Rosadalis thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published aroun each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by th leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE MD.
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

## Price $1.50 Per Bottle.

☞ Sold wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retailed by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered
Address DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
20 Hanover st., Baltimore, Md.
For sale in *Greensboro, N. C.*, by
R. W. GLENN
and PORTER & ECKEL.
6—3m